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Technology Center 2600

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please replace the paragraph running from the bottom of page 4 to the top of page 5 with the following clean version.

The call controller computer and applications computer(s) communicate with one another in order to perform various call control and other call processing application functions over the data network and to provide call information and control to a user of the applications computer. As packet switched telephone connections are set up between various terminals or other nodes, the call controller communicates with one or more application computers in order to provide the call information and call control functions required by the computer telephony applications residing on the application computers. Examples of these functions include establishing and tearing down calls, transferring calls, call conferencing, associating the applications computer with one or more specific end points in the call controller zone for monitoring and control, determining the state of calls at a given endpoint, determining the length of calls in progress at a given endpoint, determining the words exchanged in calls in progress at a given endpoint, determining the originating IP address of calls in progress at a given endpoint, routing unanswered new calls terminating at a given endpoint to another endpoint, and various other functions.

Please replace the second full paragraph on page 13 with the following clean version:

Alternatively, the AC 4301 and GK 410 can be themselves connected via the Internet 450, or other computer communications network. Or, the GK 410 could write to a file, store, and then itself transmit to an AC 430, via a variety of data transmission channels, as described above, or as is otherwise known in the art.

The following version of the amended specification paragraphs shows deletions in brackets.

Paragraph from the bottom of page 4 to the top of page 5:

The call controller computer and applications computer(s) communicate with one another in order to perform various call control and other call processing application functions over the data network and to provide call information and control to a user of the applications computer. As packet switched telephone connections are set up between various terminals or other nodes, the call controller communicates with one or more application computers in order to provide the call information and call control functions required by the computer telephony applications residing on the application computers. Examples of these functions include establishing and tearing down calls, transferring calls, call conferencing, associating the applications computer with one or more specific end points in the call controller zone for monitoring and control, determining the state of calls at a given endpoint, determining the length of calls in progress at a given endpoint, determining the words exchanged in calls in progress at a given endpoint, determining the originating IP address of calls in progress at a given endpoint, routing unanswered new calls terminating at a given endpoint to another [to another] endpoint, and various other functions.

Second full paragraph on page 13:

Alternatively, the AC 4301 and GK 410 can be themselves connected via the Internet 450, or other computer communications network. Or, the GK 410 could write to a file, store[d],

and then itself transmit[ted] to an AC 430, via a variety of data transmission channels, as described above, or as is otherwise known in the art.

The following is a set of claims 1 – 9 in clean version.

1. A method comprising:

transmitting, from an application computer connected to a data network to a call processing device connected to said data network, over said data network, packetized messages indicative of telephone calls in progress at an endpoint of said data network, or indicative of said endpoint, said application computer being located separately from said endpoint; and
transmitting, from said call processing device to said application computer over said data network, packetized messages indicative of the length of said telephone calls.

2. (New) The method of Claim 1, where the information includes the originating IP address of the call.

A3
3. (New) The method of Claim 1, where the information includes the words exchanged in the call.

4. A method comprising:

transmitting, from an application computer connected to a data network to a call processing device connected to said data network, over said data network, packetized messages indicative of telephone calls in progress at an endpoint of said data network, or indicative of said endpoint, said application computer being located separately from said endpoint; and

transmitting, from said call processing device to said application computer over said data network, packetized messages indicative of the information contained in said telephone calls.

A4
5. (New) The method of Claim 4, where the information includes the originating IP address of the call.

B5
6. (New) The method of Claim 4, where the information includes the words exchanged in the call.

C5
7. A method comprising:

transmitting, from an application computer communicably connected to a call processing device which is connected to a data network, packetized messages indicative of telephone calls in progress at an endpoint of said data network, or indicative of said endpoint; and

transmitting, from said call processing device to said application computer, packetized messages indicative of the information contained in said telephone calls.

8. (New) The method of Claim 7, where the information includes the originating IP address of the call.

9. (New) The method of Claim 7, where the information includes the words exchanged in the call.